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## Study into Development of Turbulent Mixing at Gas-Liquid Interface with accelerations from $10^2$ g<sub>0</sub> to $10^5$ g<sub>0</sub>

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The paper presents the results of the experimental study into development of turbulent mixing arising in Rayleigh-Taylor instability at the interface of a liquid layer accelerated by compressed gas.

We used water as liquid and helium compressed to the pressures 1-400 atm as gas. In experiments we varied the value of liquid layer acceleration from  $\approx 10^2 g_0$  to  $\approx 10^5 g_0$  ( $g_0 = 9.81$  m/s<sup>2</sup>). The layer mixing was about 20 mm.

The following is obtained: when increasing acceleration of a liquid layer within the given range, the rate of gas front penetration into liquid is decreased approximately a factor of two. The authors connect this phenomenon with changing the turbulent mixing zone structure resulted from the increasing pressure and acceleration.

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